





Pages 173-264 | Number 3 | Volume 36 | March 2018

Breaking Report

183

Methylation of Arenols through Ni-catalyzed C—O Activation with Methyl Magnesium Bromide

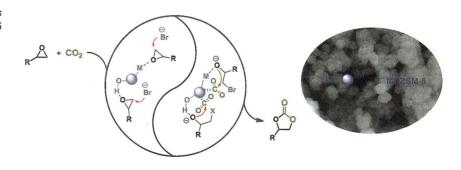
Wen-Juan Shi, Zhang-Jie Shi*

The nickel-catalyzed direct methylation of arenols with methyl Grignard reagent was solved under mild conditions. The transformation was compatible with various functional groups. Benzyl alcohol and biphenols were also suitable substrates.

Comprehensive Reports

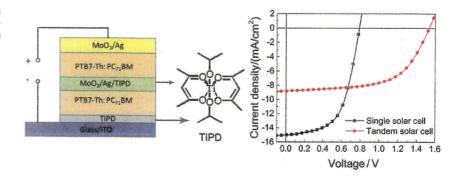
187

Catalytic Conversion of CO_2 to Cyclic Carbonates through Multifunctional Zinc-Modified ZSM-5 Zeolite



Qing-Ning Zhao, Qing-Wen Song,* Ping Liu, Qian-Xia Zhang, Jun-Hua Gao, Kan Zhang* The production of cyclic carbonates via CO_2 implant through multifunctional heterogeneous zeolite catalysis with excellent efficiency is described.

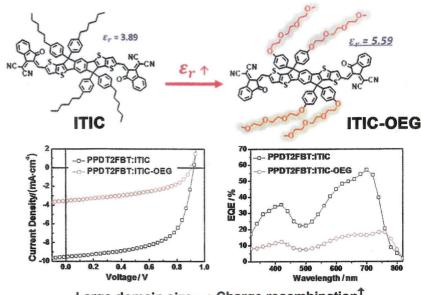
Solution-processed Titanium Chelate Used as Both Electrode Modification Layer and Intermediate Layer for Efficient Inverted Tandem Polymer Solar Cells



Zhenzhen Shi, Hao Liu, Lixing Xia, Yiming Bai, Fuzhi Wang, Bing Zhang, Tasawar Hayat, Ahmed Alsaedi, Zhan'ao Tan* Solution processed titanium (diisopropoxide) bis(2,4-pentanedionate) (TIPD) is utilized as both electrode modification layer and intermediate layer for inverted homo tandem polymer solar cells with a best V_{∞} of 1.54 V which is almost two times that of the single BHJ-PSC (0.78 V), and an enhanced PCE up to 8.11% has been achieved.

199

A High Dielectric N-Type Small Molecular Acceptor Containing Oligoethyleneglycol Side-Chains for Organic Solar Cells



Large domain size → Charge recombination I

Bomee Jang, Changyeon Lee, Young Woong Lee, Donguk Kim, Mohammad Afsar Uddin, Felix Sunjoo Kim, Bumjoon J. Kim,* Han Young Woo*

A new nonfullerene acceptor, ITIC-OEG was synthesized by replacing the normal alkyl substituents with OEG side-chains and the dielectric constant was greatly enhanced. The incompatibility between PPDT2FBT and ITIC-OEG (due to high hydrophilic nature of OEG chains) resulted in poor blend morphology, showing inefficient charge separation and significant charge recombination with small J_{SC} and PCE.

Concise Reports

Copper-Mediated Di- and Monofluoromethanesulfonylation of Arenediazonium Tetrafluoroborates: Probing the Fluorine Effect

Bo Xing, Chuanfa Ni, Jinbo Hu*

Rh-catalyzed Transient Directing Group Promoted C-H Amidation of Benzaldehydes Utilizing Dioxazolones

Reactivity order: CH₂FSO₂Na > CF₂HSO₂Na > CF₃SO₂Na

Low aniline loading
 High selectivity and efficiency

Transition-metal catalyzed C—H functionalization of benzaldehydes is of great interest in organic synthesis. Herein, we developed a transient directing group assisted amidation of benzaldehydes catalyzed by rhodium catalyst. With the employment of 10 mol% of 4-trifluoromethyl aniline, the in situ generated imine groups as the directing group efficiently enable this transformation. By using this protocol, a wide range of benzaldehydes were efficiently converted into the corresponding N-(2-formylphenyl)benzamides utilizing dioxazolones as the nitrogen source.

Xiaoyang Wang, Song Song, Ning Jiao*

Cu(I)-Catalyzed Asymmetric Cross-Coupling of N-Tosylhydrazones and Trialkylsilylethynes: Enantioselective Construction of C(sp)—C(sp³) **Bonds**

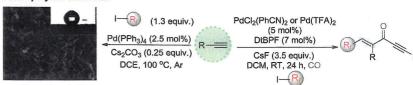
Wen-Dao Chu, Fangfang Guo, Lefei Yu, Junting Hong, Qianyi Liu, Fanyang Mo, Yan Zhang, Jianbo Wang*

$$Si$$
—H + TsHNN=R $Cat. Cu(I)/L^*$ Si — R
 Si —Si = Si(i -Pr)₃ up to 83% ee

The first catalytic enantioselective C(sp)-C(sp³) cross-coupling reaction between N-tosylhydrazones and trialkylsilylethynes has been developed. With Cu(I) salt and chiral phosphoramidite ligands, coupling products were obtained with moderate to good enantioselectivities (up to 83% ee).

223

Difunctionalization of Alkynes: Synthesis of Novel Fluoropolymer Materials Fluoropolymer Materials

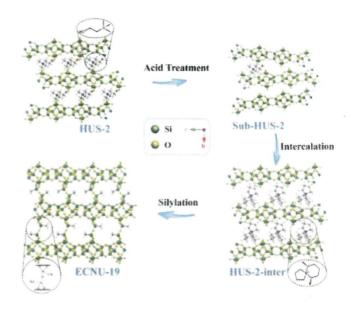


Qiang Wang, Xiwen Yu, Jiani Jin, Yang Wu, Yongmin Liang*

excellent chemical resistance high-temperature-resistance outstanding hydrophobicity

227

Synthesis of Large-Pore ECNU-19 Material (12 × 8-R) via Interlayer-Expansion of HUS-2 Lamellar Silicate



Boting Yang, Jin-Gang Jiang, Hao Xu,* Haihong Wu, Peng Wu*

A large pore ECNU-19 material was postsynthesized by interlayer expansion of lamellar precursor HUS-2 using 1,3-dimethyltetramethoxydisiloxane as silane. The preparing of this novel structure involved a "detemplating disassembly – intercalation reassembly – silylation" procedure.

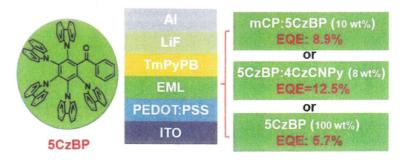
233

Metal-Free I₂-Catalyzed Highly Selective Dehydrogenative Coupling of Alcohols and Cyclohexenones

Yu-Feng Liang, Yizhi Yuan, Tao Shen, Song Song, Ning Jiao* The I_2 catalyzed oxidative dehydrogenative coupling of cyclohexenones and alcohols has been described. DMSO is employed as the mild terminal oxidant. This novel methodology offers a metal-free reaction condition, operational simplicity and broad substrate scope to afford valuable products from inexpensive reagents. Various meta-substituted aromatic ethers which are hardly synthesized from the reported methods requiring meta-substituted phenols, are efficiently prepared by the present protocol.

241

Twisted penta-Carbazole/Benzophenone Hybrid Compound as Multifunctional Organic Host, Dopant or Non-doped Emitter for Highly Efficient Solution-Processed Delayed Fluorescence OLEDs



Fangfang Wang, Xudong Cao, Ling Mei, Xinwen Zhang,* Jia Hu, Youtian Tao*

Multifunctional penta-carbazole/benzophenone hybrid compound 5CzBP was used as organic host, dopant and non-doped emitter for simple solution-processed thermally activated delayed fluorescence OLEDs and achieved high maximum EQE of 12.5%, 8.9% and 5.7%, respectively.

Recent Advances

247

Recent Advances in Transition Metal-Catalyzed Asymmetric Radical Reactions (a) Chiral transition metal complex chelation:

(b) Chiral metal complex combined with radical and reductive elimination:

$$* \left(\begin{array}{c} L \\ M^{n+1} - R \end{array} \right) + R^{1} \stackrel{R}{\longrightarrow} R^{2} \longrightarrow \left(\begin{array}{c} L \\ M^{n+2} \\ R^{2} \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} L \\ M^{n} \end{array} \right)$$

(c) Chiral metal complex outer-sphere substitution by radical intermediate:

$$* \left(\begin{array}{c} L_{11} \\ R^{1} \\ \end{array} \right) R^{2} \longrightarrow R^{1} R^{2} + * \left(\begin{array}{c} L_{11} \\ R^{2} \\ \end{array} \right)$$

Transition metal-catalyzed asymmetric radical reactions have made remarkable progress recently. This review summarizes recently new concepts and strategies for controlling enantioselectivity in transition metal catalyzed radical transformations.

Kuai Wang, Wangqing Kong*

Meeting Our New Senior Editorial Board Members (pages 257–262)